Annual Compliance Report 2017

EPBC 2011/6061

February 2018

Rokeby Main Road Upgrade





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Contents

Gl	ossary	of Terms2
1.	Abo	ut3
	1.1	Blue 'Roadside' Wallaby Grass3
	1.2	Key Dates4
2.	Com	pliance4
	Condit	ion 12
	Condit	ion 22
	Condit	ion 33
	Condit	ion 43
	Condit	ion 54
	Condit	ion 64
		ion 74
	Condit	ion 85
	Condit	ion 95
	Condit	ion 105
	Condit	ion 115
	Condit	ion 126
	Condit	ion 136
3.	Con	clusion6
Αį	pendix	F – Approval – Rokeby Main Road Upgrade EPBC 2011/60617
Δı	nendiy	G-Monitoring Report Swift Parrot Offset 2017

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Glossary of Terms

The Approval – The approval granted under Sections 130(1) and 133 of the EPBC Act: Rokeby Main Road Upgrade (EPBC 2011/6061)

Bagdad offset site – This site is an offset site for swift parrot habitat proposed as an alternative to the Bicheno proposed offset site. It was first proposed to DotE on 6 November 2014 and was approved on 10 April 2015.

Bicheno proposed offset site – The site proposed as an offset for swift parrot habitat, as contained within the Preliminary Documentation (PD). This site is also referred to as *Appendix F* of the Approval (see Appendix A of this Report)

Blue 'Roadside' Wallaby Grass – the species formerly described as *Rytidosperma popinensis* (formerly *Austrodanthonia popinensis*), now widely accepted as common Wallaby Grass (*Rytidosperma fulvum*).

The Conditions – The conditions of approval, as per the approval granted under Sections 130(1) and 133 of the EPBC Act: Rokeby Main Road Upgrade (EPBC 2011/6061)

The Department – Tasmanian Department of State Growth (formerly the Department of Infrastructure, Energy and Resources)

DotE – Commonwealth Department of the Environment (formerly the Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities)

DPIPWE - Tasmanian Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and the Environment

EPBC Act - Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Mangalore proposed offset site – The site located at Mangalore, as identified within the PD. This site is also referred to as *Appendix D* of the Approval (see Appendix A of this Report)

The Minister – The Minister responsible for administering the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*

PD - Preliminary Documentation, submitted as part of the EPBC Referral

The Project - Rokeby Main Road Upgrade

The Report – Rokeby Main Road Upgrade Annual Compliance Report 2017

Swift Parrot Habitat – Those vegetation communities classified under TASVEG mapping as DOV (*Eucalyptus ovata* forest and woodland) and DGL (*Eucalyptus globulus* dry forest and woodland), being favoured for foraging and nesting by the swift parrot (*Lathamus discolor*)

TSSC - Threatened Species Scientific Committee

1. About

The Rokeby Main Road Upgrade Annual Compliance Report 2017 is the fourth annual report (the Report) addressing compliance with approval EPBC 2011/6061 (the Approval). Condition 11 of the Approval states:

"Within three months of every 12 month anniversary of the commencement of construction of the action, annually until the expiry date of this approval, the person taking the action must publish a report on their website addressing compliance with each of the conditions of this approval, including implementation of any management plans as specified in the conditions. Documentary evidence providing proof of the date of publication and non-compliance with any of the conditions of this approval must be notified to the department as soon as they occur."

Construction on the Rokeby Main Road Upgrade commenced on 25th November 2013 and was formally completed on 25th September 2015. The Department of State Growth has been committed to ensuring that the upgrading of Rokeby Main Road would have minimal impacts on local populations of native animals, plants and the surrounding environment. The Department is committed to achieving the highest practicable environmental outcomes and takes it responsibilities seriously. The Report addresses each condition of the Approval specifically, outlining how compliance has been met. Some conditions have yet to be triggered, and thus compliance with these conditions will be addressed in future reports as appropriate. Similarly, the circumstances of some condition has since changed (as detailed in Section 1.1 below), and statements addressing each of these changes have been provided.

Section 2 of this Report addresses compliance with the Approval and will re-state each condition of the Approval (*in bold and italics*) *followed by statements of compliance*. Where any of the Conditions of Approval refer to an attachment, this refers to those attachments as contained within the Approval itself. A copy of the Approval is provided in *Appendix E* of this Report.

1.1 Blue 'Roadside' Wallaby Grass

During the previous 12 months, Blue 'Roadside' Wallaby Grass was formally delisted and removed from Section 178 of the EPBC Act. Effective 16 September 2015, the Minister formally delisted Blue 'Roadside' Wallaby Grass on advice from the TSSC that the species was no longer eligible due to taxonomic changes. These changes included acknowledgement that this species should be considered synonymous with the common species *Rytidosperma fulvum*, and be regarded as 'introduced' to Tasmania. Given this recognition, ongoing preservation of an introduced species to Tasmania is an undesirable ecological outcome.

The Department wrote to DotE on 11 January 2016 requesting advice regarding further compliance activities under the Approval. A letter from DotE was received on the 17th June 2016, varying the conditions of approval. This involved removing conditions 5,6, and 7 and Appendix B, C and D, which includes the removal for the requirement of the offset.

1.2 Key Dates

Activity	Date (Due)
Date of EPBC Act Approval	19 th August 2013
Construction commenced	25 th November 2013
Construction completed	25 th September 2015
New swift parrot offset secured	13 th October 2015
Fourth annual compliance report due	24 th February 2018
Expiry date of EPBC Act Approval	25 th June 2033

Table 1. Key dates relevant to this compliance report

2. Compliance

The Department of State Growth has endeavoured to fully comply with, and strictly adhere to, the Conditions of the Approval. Table 2 details the status of each of the Conditions of Approval.

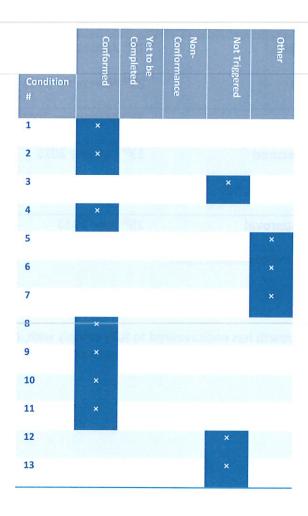


Table 2. Which conditions have been triggered, and how they have been managed.

Condition 1

- For the better protection of the swift parrot, the person taking the action must:
 - a. not remove more than 86 Eucalyptus ovata trees and one Eucalyptus globulus tree from inside the development footprint as shown in Appendix A;
 - b. only clear the Eucalyptus ovata trees referred to in condition 1(a) above, between the months of March to July, to avoid disturbance to swift parrot individuals; and
 - immediately prior to undertaking tree removal works on the Eucalyptus globulus tree referred to in condition 1(a), engage a suitably qualified expert to ensure no swift parrot individuals are present.

The removal of these 87 trees of potential swift parrot habitat occurred at two separate times due to the schedule of works and the location of each of the trees. Details of this activity were provided in a previous reporting period. No other *Eucalyptus ovata* or *Eucalyptus globulus* trees were removed as part of construction activities.

Condition 2

- 2. To compensate for the residual loss of swift parrot foraging habitat, prior to the one (1) year anniversary of commencement of construction, the person taking the action must engage a suitably qualified expert to undertake ecological surveys and an assessment, during an optimal ecological time, of the Bicheno proposed offset site to determine:
 - a. the intensity and extent of impacts of the 2013 fire event on the Bicheno proposed offset site. These surveys must provide a discussion of the results in relation to:
 - the historical fire frequency and intensity at the site; and
 - ii. the ecological role of fire at the site.

- b. prospects for recovery (including recovery milestones and estimated timing) of the Bicheno proposed offset site in terms of quality and extent of swift parrot foraging habitat;
- c. ongoing management measures (including methods, standards and schedules wherever relevant) required to maintain or improve swift parrot foraging habitat at this site.

The results of the surveys and assessment must be provided to the department within three (3) months of completion of the surveys.

Investigations into the viability of the initially proposed Bicheno offset site for swift parrot habitat was reassessed to determine the status of its recovery following the January 2013 Tasmanian bushfires. A report was produced on 16 December 2013 detailing the findings of these investigations. This report was provided to DotE via email correspondence on 16 December 2013. Details relating to this condition was provided in the *Annual Compliance Report 2014*. No further actions relating to this condition has since occurred.

Condition 3

- 3. In the event that the surveys required in condition 2 above show that the Bicheno proposed offset site does contain adequate swift parrot foraging habitat (as advised by the Minister), to compensate for the residual loss of swift parrot foraging habitat, prior to the three (3) year anniversary of the commencement of construction, the person taking the action must:
 - establish a reserve within the Bicheno proposed offset site, of no less than ten (10) hectares of swift parrot foraging habitat, using a legal mechanism appropriate to the long-term conservation of the site and approved in advance by the Minister;
 - b. commence implementation of the management measures, identified by the suitably qualified expert to maintain or improve swift parrot foraging habitat at this site under condition 2(c),
 - c. commence monitoring of the reserve, to be conducted by a suitably qualified expert during an optimal ecological time, annually until the expiry date of this approval, to determine:
 - i. the success of the management measures to maintain or improve the swift parrot foraging habitat against the baseline condition; and
 - changes in the quality of the swift parrot foraging habitat in the reserve against the baseline condition.
 - d. commence reporting to the department, annually until the expiry date of this approval, on surveys conducted under c) above: and
 - e. outline any additional offsets or measures to maintain or enhance the swift parrot foraging habitat in the reserve against the baseline condition.

As assessed under Condition 2 of this Approval – and stated in previous compliance reports – the originally-proposed Bicheno offset was deemed unsuitable for protection as an offset for suitable swift parrot habitat. Given this, Condition 3 is not triggered.

Condition 4

- 4. In the event that the surveys required in condition 2 above show that the Bicheno proposed offset site does not contain adequate swift parrot foraging habitat (as advised by the minister), to compensate for the residual loss of swift parrot foraging habitat, prior to the three (3) year anniversary of this approval, the person taking the action must:
 - a. identify a reserve of swift parrot foraging habitat in eastern Tasmania, or a location of equivalent or greater conservation measure, as agreed to by the Minister, that complies with the department's offset policy;
 - b. secure the site identified under a) above using a legal mechanism appropriate to the long-term conservation of the site and approved in advance by the Minister;
 - commence ongoing management measures (including methods, standards and schedules wherever relevant)
 as determined by a suitably qualified expert, required to maintain or improve foraging habitat for the swift
 parrot within the reserve;
 - d. commence monitoring of the reserve, to be conducted by a suitably qualified expert during an optimal ecological time, annually until the expiry date of this approval, to determine:
 - i. the success of the management measures to maintain or improve the swift parrot foraging habitat against the baseline condition; and
 - changes in the quality of the swift parrot foraging habitat on the reserve against the baseline condition.
 - e. commence reporting to the department, annually until the expiry date of this approval, on surveys conducted under d) above: and
 - f. outline additional offsets or measures to achieve the swift parrot foraging habitat against the baseline condition

As assessed under Condition 2 of this Approval, the originally-proposed Bicheno offset was deemed unsuitable for protection as an offset for suitable swift parrot habitat. An alternative offset has now been secured. Advice was provided to DotE by email on 11 November 2015 confirming the establishment of a conservation covenant at Bagdad, Tasmania. The covenant was registered as secured-in-perpetuity on 13 October 2015. Associated documentation, including electronic shapefiles (see Condition 8 in this Approval), were also provided at this time. Monitoring of the site will commence effective 2016.

As per condition 4d), the first annual monitoring of the conservation covenant located at Bagdad was completed in October 2016 by a suitably qualified expert. The Report titled 'Monitoring Report-Swift Parrot Offset' (Appendix E) was completed by the Tasmanian Land Conservancy which found that the ecological values contained with the site provided suitable swift parrot habitat for foraging and breeding. The site displayed a number of dominant canopy species at various age classes, giving confidence that the long term outcome will be for continued suitability for swift parrots. There were no high threat weeds noted during the survey and no threats noted to the site's integrity.

Condition 5

5. For the better protection of the blue (roadside) wallaby grass, the person taking the action must not remove more than 0.6 hectares of blue (roadside) wallaby grass from inside the development footprint as shown in Appendix B.

As detailed in the letter from DotE of the 17th of June 2016, this condition was removed and therefore does not require reporting.

- For the better protection of the blue (roadside) wallaby grass, during construction, the person taking the action must:
 - a. implement construction exclusion zones of all blue (roadside) wallaby grass outside the development footprint as shown in Appendix 8 to prevent disturbance of the avoided populations. Construction exclusion zones must be:
 - i. identified on contractor drawings and provided to the department prior to construction; and
 - ii. marked with a flag line and signs during construction.

As detailed in the letter from DotE of the 17th of June 2016, this condition was removed and therefore does not require reporting.

Condition 6

6. For the better protection of the blue (roadside) wallaby grass, during construction, the person taking the action must:

a. implement construction exclusion zones of all blue (roadside) wallaby grass outside the development footprint as shown in Appendix 8 to prevent disturbance of the avoided populations. Construction exclusion zones must be:
 i. identified on contractor drawings and provided to the department prior to construction; and
 ii. marked with a flag line and signs during construction.

All impacts to Blue 'Roadside' Wallaby Grass were confined to within the permitted construction footprint, as identified in Appendix B of the Approval. To ensure this condition was met, construction exclusion zones were erected around all previously identified populations outside of the construction footprint. This was in the form of flagging tape tied to wooden stakes. These exclusion zones were demarcated clearly on construction drawings provided to contractors prior to the commencement of works. These drawings — and evidence of the erection of exclusion zones — were provided to DotE.

Condition 7

- 7. To compensate for the loss of blue (roadside) wallaby grass, prior to the two (2) year anniversary of the commencement of construction, the person taking the action must:
 - a. establish a reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site using a legal mechanism appropriate to the longterm conservation of the site and approved in advance by the Minister;
 - b. plant no fewer than 24,000 blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants on site at Rokeby as shown in Appendix C;

- c. commence implementation of the management measures, identified by a suitably qualified expert, to ensure maintenance of the blue (roadside) wallaby grass population within both the reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site, referred to in condition 6(a) above, and planted blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, referred to in condition 6(c) above.
- d. commence monitoring of the reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site and established blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, to be conducted by a suitably qualified expert during an optimal ecological time, annually until the expiry date of this approval, to determine:
 - i. the success of the management measures to maintain no less than 7310 blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at the Mangalore proposed offset site, referred to in condition 6(a) above, and to ensure establishment of no less than 75% of the planted blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, referred to in condition 6(c) above.
- e. commence reporting to the department, annually until the expiry date of this approval, on surveys conducted under d) above; and
- f. outline any additional offsets or measures to maintain or enhance the blue (roadside) wallaby grass population within both the reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site, referred to in condition 6(a) above, and planted blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, referred to in condition 6(c) above.

As detailed in the letter from DotE of the 17th of June 2016, this condition was removed and therefore does not require reporting.

Condition 8

8. The person taking the action must provide the department with offset attributes, shapefiles, textual descriptions and maps to clearly define the location and boundaries of the offsets required as a result of this approval. These must be provided within 30 days of the offsets being secured in perpetuity.

Mangalore Offset Site

As per Condition 7, the Mangalore offset is an already-established conservation covenant, secured under EPBC 2009/4762 and EPBC 2009/4757. Half of this offset was allocated to EPBC 2009/4762 and EPBC 2009/4757, with the remainder secured for future use if needed. This remaining area was already approved by DotE as part of the referral process.

Bagdad Offset Site

As detailed in Condition 4 above, official documentation regarding the establishment of this conservation covenant was provided to DotE on 11 November 2015. The conservation covenant was formally registered with the Recorder of Titles on 13 October 2015.

Condition 9

9. Within 30 days after the commencement of construction of the action, the person taking the action must advise the department in writing of the actual date of commencement.

Construction works relating to Rokeby Main Road commenced on 25th November 2013. Further details relating to this condition have been provided in previous compliance reports.

Condition 10

10. The person taking the action must maintain accurate records substantiating all activities associated with or relevant to the conditions of approval, and make them available upon request to the department. Such records may be subject to audit by the department or an independent auditor in accordance with section 458 of the EPBC Act, or used to verify compliance with the conditions of approval. Summaries of audits will be posted on the department's website. The results of audits may also be publicised through the general media.

The Department has maintained accurate records substantiating all activities associated with the works and relevant conditions.

Condition 11

11. Within three months of every 12 month anniversary of the commencement of construction of the action, annually until the expiry date of this approval, the person taking the action must publish a report on their website addressing compliance with each of the conditions of this approval, including implementation of any management plans as specified in the conditions. Documentary evidence providing proof of the date of publication and non-compliance with any of the conditions of this approval must be notified to the department as soon as they occur.

The purpose of this Report is to satisfy this condition. This report contains statements addressing compliance with each of the conditions of the Approval. Each of the conditions referring to the implementation of management plans or programs has already been addressed in the respective statements of compliance throughout this Report. Upon publishing this Report on the Department's website, evidence will be provided to DotE of this fact at the time of publishing.

Condition 12

12. Upon the direction of the Minister, the person taking the action must ensure that an independent audit of compliance with the conditions of approval is conducted and a report submitted to the Minister. The independent auditor must be approved by the Minister prior to the commencement of the audit. Audit criteria must be agreed to by the Minister and the audit report must address the criteria to the satisfaction of the Minister.

This condition has not been triggered.

Condition 13

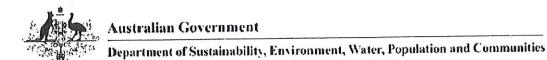
13. If, at any time after three (3) years from the date of this approval, the person taking the action has not substantially commenced the action, then the person taking the action must not substantially commence the action without the written agreement of the Minister.

Works on this project commenced on 25th November 2013. This condition can no longer be satisfied.

3. Conclusion

This Report is intended to meet the full requirements of condition 11 of the Approval. All statements made in the Report are true and evidence-based. Further information can be provided as required. This Report will be publicly available on the Department's website within the three month anniversary of the commencement of works.

Appendix F— Approval — Rokeby Main Road Upgrade EPBC 2011/6061



Approval

Rokeby Main Road Upgrade, Howrah and Rokeby, Tasmania (EPBC 2011/6061)

This decision is made under sections 130(1) and 133 of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act* 1999.

Proposed action

person to whom the approval is granted	Tasmanian Department of Infrastructure, Energy and Resources		
proponent's ACN (if applicable)	ABN: 363 889 805 63		
proposed action	Road upgrade to Rokeby Main Road from Oceana Drive in Howrah to Diosma Street in Rokeby, Tasmania [See EPBC Act referral		

Approval decision

Controlling Provision	Decision
Listed threatened species and communities (sections 18 & 18A)	Approved

conditions of approval

This approval is subject to the conditions specified below.

2011/6061]

expiry date of approval

This approval has effect until 25 June 2033.

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Decis	ion-m	aker

name and position

James Tregurtha

Assistant Secretary

South-Eastern Australia Environment Assessment Branch

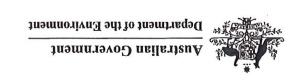
signature

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date of decision

19

August 2013



VARIATION TO CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO APPROVAL

(1909/1102 Rokeby Main Road Upgrade, Howrah and Rokeby, Tasmania, (EPBC

Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (EPBC Act). This decision to vary a condition of approval is made under section 143 of the Environment

Approved action

This variation has effect on the date the instrument is signed Date of effect and substitute with the condition specified below. Delete condition 1 attached to the approval dated 19 August 2013 of approval The variation is: Variation of conditions Variation [1909/1102 to Diosma Street in Rokeby, Tasmania [See EPBC Act referral Road upgrade to Rokeby Main Road from Oceana Drive in Howrah Approved action (EB 308 688 EBE :NBA) approval is granted Tasmanian Department of Infrastructure, Energy and Resources Person to whom the

Person authorised to make decision

South-Eastern Australia Environment Assessment Branch A/g Assistant Secretary Mahani Taylor Signature

Date of decision

name and position

Conditions for substitution:

- 1. For the better protection of the swift parrot, the person taking the action must:
- inside the development footprint as shown in Appendix A; a) not remove more than 86 Eucalyptus ovata trees and one Eucalyptus globulus tree from
- months of March to July, to avoid disturbance to swift parrot individuals; and b) only clear the Eucalyptus ovata trees referred to in condition 1(a) above, between the
- parrot individuals are present. referred to in condition 1(a), engage a suitably qualified expert to ensure no swift c) immediately prior to undertaking tree removal works on the Eucalypus globulus tree

Conditions attached to the approval

- 1) For the better protection of the swift parrot, the person taking the action must:
 - a) not remove more than 86 *Eucalyptus ovata* trees and one *Eucalyptus globulus* tree from inside the development footprint as shown in <u>Appendix A</u>; and
 - only clear the Eucalyptus ovata trees and Eucalyptus globulus tree, referred to in condition 1(a) above, between the months of March to July, to avoid disturbance to swift parrot individuals.
- 2) To compensate for the residual loss of swift parrot foraging habitat, prior to the one (1) year anniversary of commencement of construction, the person taking the action must engage a suitably qualified expert to undertake ecological surveys and an assessment, during an optimal ecological time, of the Bicheno proposed offset site to determine:
 - a) the intensity and extent of impacts of the 2013 fire event on the Bicheno proposed offset site. These surveys must provide a discussion of the results in relation to:
 - i) the historical fire frequency and intensity at the site; and
 - ii) the ecological role of fire at the site.
 - b) prospects for recovery (including recovery milestones and estimated timing) of the Bicheno proposed offset site in terms of quality and extent of swift parrot foraging habitat;
 - c) ongoing management measures (including methods, standards and schedules wherever relevant) required to maintain or improve **swift parrot foraging habitat** at this site.

The results of the surveys and assessment must be provided to the **department** within three (3) months of completion of the surveys.

- 3) In the event that the surveys required in condition 2 above show that the Bicheno proposed offset site does contain adequate swift parrot foraging habitat (as advised by the Minister), to compensate for the residual loss of swift parrot foraging habitat, prior to the three (3) year anniversary of the commencement of construction, the person taking the action must:
 - a) establish a reserve within the Bicheno proposed offset site, of no less than ten (10)
 hectares of swift parrot foraging habitat, using a legal mechanism appropriate to the
 long-term conservation of the site and approved in advance by the Minister;
 - commence implementation of the management measures, identified by the suitably qualified expert to maintain or improve swift parrot foraging habitat at this site under condition 2(c),
 - c) commence monitoring of the reserve, to be conducted by a suitably qualified expert during an optimal ecological time, annually until the expiry date of this approval, to determine:
 - the success of the management measures to maintain or improve the swift parrot foraging habitat against the baseline condition; and
 - ii) changes in the quality of the **swift parrot foraging habitat** in the reserve against the **baseline condition**.
 - d) commence reporting to the **department**, annually until the expiry date of this approval, on surveys conducted under c) above; and

- e) outline any additional offsets or measures to maintain or enhance the **swift parrot foraging habitat** in the reserve against the **baseline condition**.
- 4) In the event that the surveys required in condition 2 above show that the **Bicheno**proposed offset site does not contain adequate swift parrot foraging habitat (as advised by the minister), to compensate for the residual loss of swift parrot foraging habitat, prior to the three (3) year anniversary of this approval, the person taking the action must:
 - a) identify a reserve of swift parrot foraging habitat in eastern Tasmania, or a location of equivalent or greater conservation measure, as agreed to by the Minister, that complies with the department's offset policy;
 - b) secure the site identified under a) above using a legal mechanism appropriate to the long-term conservation of the site and approved in advance by the **Minister**;
 - c) commence ongoing management measures (including methods, standards and schedules wherever relevant) as determined by a suitably qualified expert, required to maintain or improve foraging habitat for the swift parrot within the reserve;
 - d) commence monitoring of the reserve, to be conducted by a suitably qualified expert during an optimal ecological time, annually until the expiry date of this approval, to determine:
 - the success of the management measures to maintain or improve the swift parrot foraging habitat against the baseline condition; and
 - ii) changes in the quality of the **swift parrot foraging habitat** on the reserve against the **baseline condition**.
 - e) commence reporting to the **department**, annually until the expiry date of this approval, on surveys conducted under d) above; and
 - f) outline additional offsets or measures to achieve the **swift parrot foraging habitat** against the **baseline condition**
- 5) For the better protection of the **blue (roadside) wallaby grass**, the person taking the action must not remove more than 0.6 hectares of **blue (roadside) wallaby grass** from inside the development footprint as shown in <u>Appendix B</u>.
- 6) For the better protection of the blue (roadside) wallaby grass, during construction, the person taking the action must:
 - a) implement construction exclusion zones of all **blue** (**roadside**) **wallaby grass** outside the development footprint as shown in <u>Appendix B</u> to prevent disturbance of the avoided populations. Construction exclusion zones must be:
 - i) identified on contractor drawings and provided to the department prior to construction; and
 - ii) marked with a flag line and signs during construction.
- 7) To compensate for the loss of blue (roadside) wallaby grass, prior to the two (2) year anniversary of the commencement of construction, the person taking the action must:
 - a) establish a reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site using a legal mechanism appropriate to the long-term conservation of the site and approved in advance by the Minister:
 - b) plant no fewer than 24,000 **blue (roadside) wallaby grass** plants on site at Rokeby as shown in <u>Appendix C</u>;

- c) commence implementation of the management measures, identified by a suitably qualified expert, to ensure maintenance of the blue (roadside) wallaby grass population within both the reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site, referred to in condition 6(a) above, and planted blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, referred to in condition 6(c) above.
- d) commence monitoring of the reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site and established blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, to be conducted by a suitably qualified expert during an optimal ecological time, annually until the expiry date of this approval, to determine:
 - i) the success of the management measures to maintain no less than 7310 blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at the Mangalore proposed offset site, referred to in condition 6(a) above, and to ensure establishment of no less than 75% of the planted blue (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, referred to in condition 6(c) above.
- e) commence reporting to the department, annually until the expiry date of this approval, on surveys conducted under d) above; and
- f) outline any additional offsets or measures to maintain or enhance the **blue** (roadside) wallaby grass population within both the reserve at the Mangalore proposed offset site, referred to in condition 6(a) above, and planted **blue** (roadside) wallaby grass plants at Rokeby, referred to in condition 6(c) above.
- 8) The person taking the action must provide the **department** with **offset attributes**, **shapefiles**, textual descriptions and maps to clearly define the location and boundaries of the offsets required as a result of this approval. These must be provided within 30 days of the offsets being secured in perpetuity.
- 9) Within 30 days after the **commencement of construction** of the action, the person taking the action must advise the **department** in writing of the actual date of commencement.
- 10) The person taking the action must maintain accurate records substantiating all activities associated with or relevant to the conditions of approval, and make them available upon request to the department. Such records may be subject to audit by the department or an independent auditor in accordance with section 458 of the EPBC Act, or used to verify compliance with the conditions of approval. Summaries of audits will be posted on the department's website. The results of audits may also be publicised through the general media.
- 11) Within three months of every 12 month anniversary of the commencement of construction of the action, annually until the expiry date of this approval, the person taking the action must publish a report on their website addressing compliance with each of the conditions of this approval, including implementation of any management plans as specified in the conditions. Documentary evidence providing proof of the date of publication and non-compliance with any of the conditions of this approval must be notified to the department as soon as they occur.
- 12) Upon the direction of the Minister, the person taking the action must ensure that an independent audit of compliance with the conditions of approval is conducted and a report submitted to the Minister. The independent auditor must be approved by the Minister prior to the commencement of the audit. Audit criteria must be agreed to by the Minister and the audit report must address the criteria to the satisfaction of the Minister.

13) If, at any time after three (3) years from the date of this approval, the person taking the action has not **substantially commenced** the action, then the person taking the action must not **substantially commence** the action without the written agreement of the **Minister**.

Definitions

- **Baseline condition** means the condition of the *Eucalyptus ovata* forest and woodland (Tasmanian vegetation mapping unit: DOV) at <u>Appendix F</u>.
- Bicheno proposed offset site means the site located on private land south of Bicheno on the east coast of Tasmania, and identified as 'Field survey extent' at Appendix E.
- Blue (roadside) wallaby grass means the EPBC Act endangered species Rytidosperma popinensis (previously known as Austrodanthonia popinensis).
- **Commencement of construction** includes any preparatory works required to be undertaken including clearing vegetation, the erection of any onsite temporary structures, excluding fences and signage, and the use of heavy duty equipment for the purpose of breaking the ground for buildings or infrastructure excluding any signage or fences.
- **Department** means the Australian Government Department administering the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999.*
- **Department's offset policy** means the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* Environmental Offsets Policy (October 2012).
- EPBC Act means the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999.
- Mangalore proposed offset site means the site located at Mangalore on private land north of the junction of Ballyhooly Road and the Midland Highway, and identified as 'Offset for: Rokeby Main Road, from Oceana Drive in Howrah to Disoma Street in Rokeby (EPBC 2011/6061)' at Appendix D.
- Minister means the Minister administering the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity*Conservation Act 1999 and includes a delegate of the Minister.
- Offset attributes mean an '.xls' file capturing relevant attributes of the Offset Area, including the EPBC reference ID number, the physical address of the offset site, coordinates of the boundary points in decimal degrees, the EPBC protected matters that the offset compensates for, any additional EPBC protected matters that are benefiting from the offset, and the size of the offset in hectares.
- Shapefiles means an ESRI ArcGIS Shapefile, containing '.shp', '.shx.' and '.dbf' files and other files. Shapefiles must include appropriate metadata capturing attributes including but not limited to the EPBC reference number of the approved action and details of the EPBC protected matters present within the offset, covenant or legal protection details, including type and identification. The department prefers shapefiles using the Geocentric Datum of Australia (GDA) 94.
- **Substantially commence** means the erection of any permanent infrastructure excluding signage and fences, associated with the action.
- Suitably qualified expert means one or more botanists, ecologists, or environmental scientists with relevant valid qualifications and at least two years of demonstrated expertise in the surveying and management of blue (roadside) wallaby grass or swift parrot, and who is independent to the person taking the action.
- Swift parrot means the EPBC Act listed endangered species Lathamus discolour.

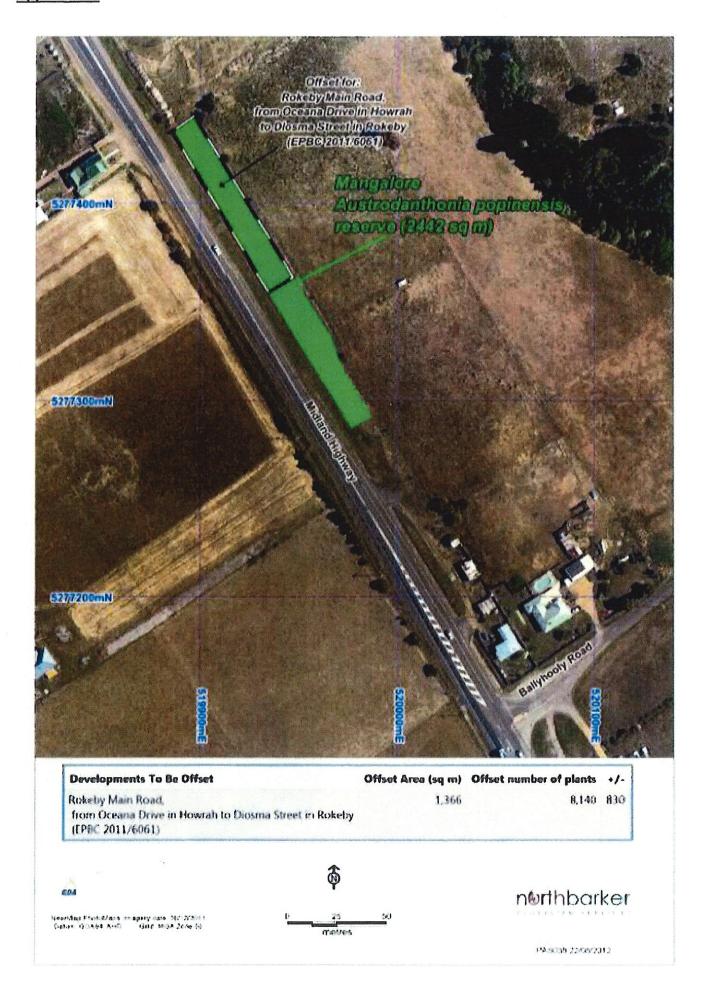
Swift parrot foraging habitat means grassy blue gum (*Eucalyptus globulus*) forest and/or grassy/shrubby swamp gum (*Eucalyptus ovata*) forest of a quality agreed with the **department**.

Appendix A:

Appendix B:

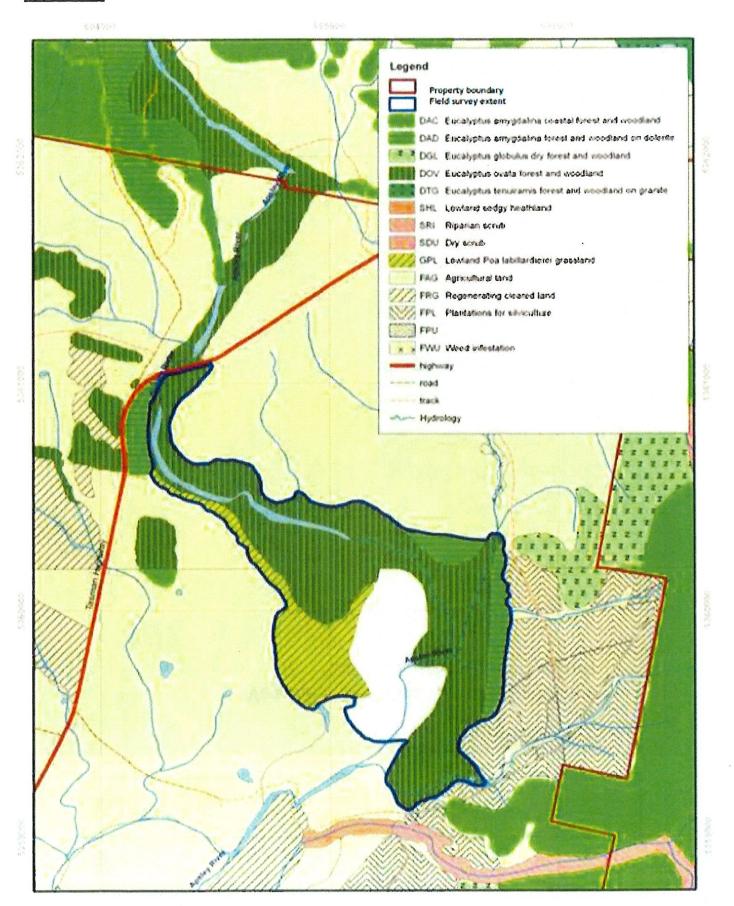
Page 9 of 11

Appendix D:



.

Appendix E:



Appendix E

Vegetation Condition Assessment (VCA) - Proposed swift parrot offset area

TASVEG

FOREST VEGETATION

(including woodlands, rainforests and non-eucalypt forests)

of those present, <50% substantially modified of those present, none substantially modified

60

SEEE of sone (ha): 7 % COMMENTS: APRIL		en caly		nta Callif	nis oblo	mg o		61: 2A90 / /	100.0341
LEGG Trees observed large	a trees . Z	9	Condition	Understo	rey Life F	orm:	3 0		
ategory & Description		Constants		LP code	R app Observes		% cover editoryed/	Present	Hodified
and the same of th	1320	- REZER	3.00%	Benchmark	bunchma		tininthmark:	(taxa)	(tick)
long present	0	0	0	IT	- END	Ta	% cases	-	
0 to 20% of the benchmark umber of large trees/ha	3	,	1	T	8 /	_	10/5	3	
20% to 40% of the benchmark		 	-	5	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE OWNER, THE OWNE	5	30/15	~	
umber of large trees/he 40% to 70% of the benchmark	4	1	- 2	Anthony of the Party of the Par		-	30/13		
umber of large trees/ha	6	5	4	PS Tweet					
70% to 100% of the benchmark umber of large tracs/ha	8			H	7/1	-	48/45		
the benchmark number of large		1	6	G	4	0	20/45	V	
rees/ha	100	9	В	LSR	3 /	3			
orga trees are defined by diameter at a estimate proportion of an expected ha o, not missing due to tree death or de-	HALA COUDDA	(don) - see cover that is	penchimarii present	MSR	-31	2	30/20	٧_	
rea Canopy Cover and ment 110,46 observed o		Segrent H		GF TF SCE ML	1/	2, 1 1a	45/45 5/5	> >>	y
	1200	139.793	1 5 100	SC		-	Yotal	A	
10% of benchmark cover	0	0	0			L		-	
50% or >150% of benchmark over	3	2	1	144	forms with go	- Ches	18 cover of < 10% in 18 cover of : 13% in 18 cover of : 13% in		
50% or £150% of benchmerk	0	4	3						
ce canopy cover is defined as those or mature freight - ero benchmark descriptions of an expectabl has shrinked projection of an expectabl has not mixing due to tree deart or deal Lack of Weedle Choeseved weed cover .1.3	igalion Jidny vieniopy i Ina j	liever that is p		inpere the same sale farm sale farm sale farm sale sale sale sale sale sale sale sale	a 50 m of he me represent to me represent he	refma lve v rema fod if renma renma	in Lour of 430%, in a complete to a form had go to a position of the complete to a com	, nr ire abquryen ire considere her	14
A STATE OF THE STA	The state of the s	Score	Market State of State		borey Sun		LA	Scoro	20
Colegory & Destription	None	-	×40%						
75% cover of weeds	0	0	0	Catagor	y and Elenc	tiphiq	A		
5-75% cover of weeds	4	2	0	All strate	and life for	ms eff	ectively absent		0
0-25% cover of weeds	-;		4	Up to 50	of life for	מם פרו	esent		5
and the same of th		6				ol	those present a		
-10% cover of weeds	12	9	7	>50% to forms pr	90% of life		stantially modeli those present,		10
5% cover of weeds**	15	13	@			· ·	stined biggaill,	- JUT0	
		13	w				stantially modifi		15
vention of end seven due to high the ligh threat seed species are defend as yes cover in weeds; -	Net amount	erries (theires)	J	Sant's at	life forms	of	stantially models those present, stantially models	50%	15

Vegetation Condition Assessment Form V1.0

FOREST VEGETATION

Species Recruitment

Woody species recorded in habitst zone (5 and tailer)	Adequate recruitment
Cancey trees (combined apecies)	1
Acutia stricta.	V
Acacla verticillata	V
Acueta declara	4
Allocation Witherests	4
Calliffit abloage	-
Callibris showboldes	1 4
Execution employed to feel)	N N
Pomadertii apritiia	V
Lestespermine lanigerun	-
Leator et mum Scopolina	-
Vielaltuža, ericifelia	1
Total recruiting species	112/12

Trust multiple carropy species as a single species.
Adequate recruitment of carropy species requires at least 2 cohorts is be present
(specifying 4 m and squirge in limitable) and where carropy sover is less than
buschmach, sufficient recruitment to attem benchmark cover ever time.
Adequate recruitment of other woody species requires observed immature
(advantage to be at less t. 10 of number of mature individuals for each species.)

Berchmark ... 10. to Generous Hear .. 50 to Score

Category & Description	Energyated By retire organic ottor	Commeted by con-nature organic litter
<10% of benchmark cover	0	. 0
<50% of benchmark cover	3	2
250% of benchmark cover	0	4

Litter is defined as dead organic material described from the sarent plant, including plant debrie, fallen leaves and timps <10cm

Recruitment

Category B. C	escription		stage:	director"
	within communit episodic events	y net driven by	٥	0
No evidence of a recruitment cohort"	system demonstrate driven by demonstrate divents	creat evidence of appropriate operation overs no clear evidence of economists named accord	0	6
Evidence of at least one	Proportion of native enougy	<30%	3	1
rechritment 'schort in et reast one life	propert that	30 - 70%	6	3
form	textuitment*	270%	(10)	5

- cohort' refers to a group of woody plants established in a single epin (can include subpressed carriery species redividuals) exister to benchmark for configuration.
 high diversity cofficial as a shall of banchmark woody species diversity.

.ogs	22 50	5
Category & Description	Large logs present*	Large ings absents
<10% of benchmark length	0	0
< 50% of benchmark length	3	2
50% of banchmark length	0	4

- Largo tops defined as these with diameter 20.5 of borichmerk largo tree DBH.

 * present of large log tength is 22% of borichmerk log langth

 a absent of large log tength is <25% of borichmerk log langth.

Landscape Context Score.....

Patch Size Patch etm 60 ha Sc	sore 8
Category & Description	
< 2 ha	1
Between 2 and 5 ha	1
Between 5 and 10 ha	4
Between 10 and 20 ha	6
220 ha, but 'significantly disturbed's	<u></u>
220 ha, but not 'significantly disturbed's	10

The pooch is the or a fine of the control of the co

FINAL HABITAT SCORE

	'Situ Condition Score'						160	endoci Danjino Score	apo et		
	po Trees	o Compy Cones	k of Wende	Antonio Louisia	radinated	penic Lette		th firm	determinate	tanne to One Area	TOTAL
8	3	E	3	5	A S	6	3	2	2	0	/100
Score	10	5	11	20	10	5	5	8	12	4	80

Neighbourhood

Radius from alte	% Retire	Weighting	
100 m	20	0.03	0.6
) km	40	0.04	1.6
5 km	60	0.03	1.8
CUSTO	ict 2 if the neighbor significantly distuit	urhood is bed	-2
	2		

*to hearent 20%. Multiply % networker registeren Rizengrang für dech radius from the 20% (og.) 40% z.0 (22 % 1.2), then edd values to extern finer resignaturities Vi

Distance to Cor	Score	
Distance	Ezyre Area nos augmilicanthy disturbed*	Core Area significantly dishurbest*
> S lum	0	0
1 to 5 km	2	1
< 1 km	4	3
contiguous	5	0

A 'core pres' is nettre registation > 50 ha regardiess of type, condition forum includes retired wollands and lakes, estudies and rivers * significancy disturbed see definition under potch see.

TASVEG

FOREST VEGETATION

(including woodlands, rainforests and non-eucalypt forests)

Vegetation Condition Assessment Form V1.0

DATE: 19 09 200 SITE MANU: 2008 no./name TASVEG VC CODE: D SIZE of zone (ha): 2	,	CATION: Apply Ri End Low seesson:	<i></i>	GPS DATUM (CIN'IE ODE)				
соннанты Заодлер	y Abnost	sout	t of Aps	ey Rima.	Partially	bornt c.	Zyn. 0	90
*******************************		10000	Condition	Score				
Arge Trees Observed to	enchmark No. (Athora cinners	orms Life forms9	lf observed)					
stepary & Description		Conces	inable.*	LF code	a spp	% cover observed/	Present	N
The same of the sa	>79%	130-20	5_1_5305_	Prises benedensera	Service Serva	th benchmark		
one present	0	0	0	IT	1 / 10	14 5/5	15	-
0 to 20% of the benchmark umber of large trees/ha	3	2	1	Ť	5/9	Annual Commission of the Commission	-	-
20% to 40% of the benchmark umber of large trees/ha	4	I,	2	S	5/6	And the second second second second second	enter have been been been been been been been be	
40% to 70% of the benchmark umber of large trees/ha	6	5	4	Votal				quant
70% to 100% of the benchmar	rik	-	-	PS	1	-	Name of the spin out of the Paris of the	-
umber of large trees/ha the benchmark number of large	- 8	LO	4	H	7/5	ALCOHOLOGICAL CONTRACTOR CONTRACT	CONTRACTOR OF STREET	-
res/ha	10	9	-	G	1/	1 5/45		-
inge trees are defined by diameter a ostimate proportion of an expected t	A bresst height	(dist) - so	g benchmuck	LSR	4/	3 40/20	0 1	-
p. not missing due to tree each or d	techna)			MSR	-	1/8/10	17	-
res Canopy Cover				GF	2/	2 45/10	-	-
bernesdo de QLL strambens	cover .25	. Scor	9 4	TF	1	10125	-	-
				SCE	1 /	0 10 / 5	1	******
stepory & Description		FEEL		SC	4/2	0 10 / 5	-	-
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	0	0	- 5	76.02	la falma in in on-	netrain equal of + 10		L
50% or >150% of benchmark over	3	2	. 1	Present A.	e specimens are le forms with bei	epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad epatrad	h die (entide)	
50% or £150% of banchmark	5	0) 3		te fereis mitt by:	chmurk theor of < 10	ara consider	-
to centify cover it defined as those motion height a new benchmark destination beginn an expected to real missing that to time death or de Linck of Westills 5 - 10 %. Observed wash over \$ -10 %. Observed high threat wants	.100 %	cover that	present	Under	telema men per telema men per telentary medi <50% of ter < 50% at te	comment appeared diversities and appeared to the comment of the co	ns ere observer to ere consider s edher reite	 [1
	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	- North	>50%	Call	one and Day	felles		T
Category & Description	Biograps .	出版學		Section of the last	my and Deac	to the second second second second		-
Cuttipory & Description	-	0	0	Au 2				
Cutapory & Description - 15% cover of seeds	feanur.	THE AMERICAN	0	All stra	ta and life for	ns enectively abse	int	+
Contigory & Description 75% cover of weeds 5-75% cover of weeds	feanur.	0			ta and life for	ns present		†
Content of Section 75% cover of weeds 15-75% cover of weeds 0-25% cover of weeds	figures 0	0	D 4	Up to 5			nt 250%	F
Contentry 6. Description - 75% cover of weeds 0-25% cover of weeds -10% cover of weeds	Beares 0 4 7	6 9	0 4 9	Up to 5	0% of life for	of those present substantially mo of those present	nt 250% dified R, <50%	1
Contention 48. Description 75% cover of weeds 15-75% cover of weeds 10-25% cover of weeds 5-10% cover of weeds 55% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds	0 4 7 11 15	0 2 6 9	0 4 ()	Up to 5 250% t forms p	0% of life to 90% of life present	of those present substantially mo of those present substantially mo of those present	nt 250% dified t, <50% dified nt, 250%	
Content of weeds 15% cover of weeds 15-75% cover of weeds 10-25% cover of weeds 10% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds	Page 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 9 13	0 4 ©	Up to 5 250% t forms p	0% of life forms	of those present substantially mo of those present substantially mo of those present substantially mo substantially mo	nt 250% dified R, <50% dified nt, 250% diffed	1
Continuery & Description 75% cover of weeds 15-75% cover of weeds 10-25% cover of weeds 1-10% cover of weeds 55% cover of weeds 55% cover of weeds 15% cover of weeds	9 0 4 7 11 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	0 2 6 9 13 rection (inst), pure in the	0 4 5 11	Up to 5 250% t forms p	0% of life forms	of those present substantially mo of those present substantially mo of those present	nt 250% dified R, <50% dified nt, 250% dified M, <50%	
Cetapory &	O 4 7 11 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	0 2 6 9 13	0 4 \$\overline{\pi}\$	Up to 5 250% t forms p	0% of life forms	of those present substantially mo	nt 250% dified R, <50% dified ni, 250% dified nt, <50% dified nt, <50%	

Vegetation Condition Assessment Form V1.0

FOREST VEGETATION

10

Species Recruitment

Woody species recorded in habital zone (6 and taller)	Adequate recruitment (ii)
Canapy trees (combined apecies)	J
Atatia melanovulon	w/
Accerta dealbath	1
breathn werkici lath	4
Baskila marginata	1 4
Contraction ton ourse	V
Milalance and citalia	4
Meletines adversor	4
Glegge Months	4
Pomodeesia aprilala	V
Yotal recruiting species	10/10

Treat multiple campy because as a proper function.

Adoption excurational of campy openion recurrence linear 2 campins to be present (proofing) at 2 man applicable of 18 and where campy cover in less than been been been considered to the considered to attain been been cover over time.

Adoption of the considered to the considered to attain been been cover over time.

Adoption of the considered to the strength of the considered to the co

Cotegory & Geogription	Dynative organic litter	Creminated by mon-native organic filter
< 10% of benchmark cover	6	0
<50% of benchmark cover	3	2
250% of benchmark cover	0	4

Later is defined as dead organic manufactured from the parent part including plant debrie, follow leaves and twigs 4 10cm.

Recruitment	:		Score	, _ ,
Category & I	Description		High sirends*	tow diversity*
	within part episodic div	munity not driven by ents	0	0
		clear evidence		

	within symmunit episodic events	0	0	
No eyelesce of a recognission object?	enthir community driven by eponds events	Clear evidence of appropriate episodic evers no clear evidence of episodic evid	٥ 5	o S
Exigence of at	Proportion of native woody	< 30%	3	ı
const in at	apacies present that	30 - 70%	6	3
least one ids facts	have adequate resoultment	≥70%	(10)	5

+ subort raters to a group of woody plants endalished in a programment (can include suppressed canony species individuals)

Angler to benut mark for classification

ogs mehmort tog tength 40 Observed tength 32. Score					
Category & Description	Large logs.	Large logs absente			
< 10% of benchmark length	0	0			
<50% of benchmark length	3	2			

Large logs defined as thuse with diameter 30.5 of benchmark large tree DBH * present if large log length is 25% of benchmark log length a absent if large log length is 435% of benchmark log length

Landscape Context Score.....

etch Size	Pates stee 720ha	Score	8
Category & D	escription		
< 2 ha			1
Between 2 and	5 ha		2
Between 5 and	10 ha		4
Between 10 en	d 20 ha		6
20 ha, but 'se	enificantly disturbed**		0
220 ha, but no	t 'eignificantly disturbed's		10

The potch is the area of notive vegetation continuous with the assessment a via (zone), reportly as of EVC, condition or land tenure. Includes adjusting assessment Programment disturbed if activities usuch as gramme, tender harvesting, reading, feet regulation territory or Physical Section 1997.

FINAL HABITAT SCORE

	With Condition Score'							'Elle Condition Score' 'Landscape Context Score'				
Company	Large Trees	Tree Campy Cover	Lack of Weening	Indonesia Comment	Necrylment.	Organic Lather	Legis	Patrik Sam	Reference	Detacts to Con Arm	TOTAL	
Score	7	4	7	20	10	8	5	8	2	4	72	

Neighbourhood

,50% of benchmark length

	1
	17
Cadan	-
Soone	
AND SHARE	

0

Radius from site	% Native vegetation*	Weighting	
100 m	70	0.03	0.6
1 km	40	0.04	1.6
5 km	60	0.03	1.8
	ct 2 if the neighbo conheatily datas	urhood is	- 2
	A	dd Values and 'round-off'	2

*to negrest 20% Multiply % notice vegetation k weighting for each radius from the itohe (eg.) 40% x 0.03 ~ 1.2), then add values to obtain finel Reighbourhood \(\text{Vector} \)

Distance to Core Area

1 to 5 km < 1 km contiguous

	- 1	
	1	
Score	- 1	

-	Core Area significantly disturbed*
	ð
	1
	7

A corp area is native vegetation > 50 ha regardless of type, condition of tenure. Includes natural entlands and lakes, estudies and invers "significantly disturbed are definition under patch size. Appendix G – Monitoring Report-Swift Parrot Offset 2017



2017 MONITORING REPORT – SWIFT PARROT OFFSET

Location	466 EAST BAGDAD RD BAGDAD TAS 7030
Date	05/10/2017
Personnel	Matt Taylor, Sally Bryant

AIM

To evaluate whether swift parrot habitat has been maintained or improved over the past year

METHODS

Habitat condition	Fixed photo-points at four sites on the property were re-surveyed (see map). A photograph was taken of the ground layer, understorey and canopy at each site. Structural complexity was calculated as the number of vegetation strata observed at each site. Recruitment was calculated
	as the number of cohorts per site. Canopy cover was estimated as a percentage for each site.
Bird Diversity	Two 20 minute 2 ha bird surveys were conducted while walking between two pairs of sites, where birds were recorded as present if they were heard or sighted. This survey methodology follows that recommended by Birds Australia for the Atlas of Australian Birds project (www.birdsaustralia.com.au) for the two hectare search.

RESULTS

Both the fauna and vegetation values have been maintained or show slight improvement since the previous survey.

2017 Bird Diversity

In 2017, bird richness per site was 18-19 species with a total bird diversity of 26 species. This compares with 11 to 12 species per site and a diversity of 15 species in 2016. A total of 13 new bird species (highlighted in yellow, Table 1) were identified across the two survey zones in 2017. Bird diversity and richness was much improved since 2016 due in part to the spring rains and lushness of the vegetation, and secondly as the eucalypts age then more nesting sites are created. The bird fauna on this property is very good and typical of what is to be expected in dry forest and woodland interspersed with patches of grassland and watering sites. The few exotic bird species and lack of weeds at this site contribute to its ecological intactness which is further enhanced by the surrounding buffer of protected lands enabling contiguous corridors of undisturbed bush. No eucalypt flowering was observed during the site visit therefore honeyeater numbers were generally low, and no swift parrots were detected foraging on site. An abundance of mature and mixed aged trees on site provide, many with fire scars and wind damage, offer ample nesting sites for swift parrot during a good flowering year.

A species comparison over the two years is shown in Table 2. The uniformity and closeness of the monitoring sites suggests the bird fauna on the property would be consistent in both zones. As monitoring progresses it may be possible to detect differences however at this stage birds confined to only one of the survey sites consists of 12 species most of which were detected in 2017.

Figure 1 (a - d) shows the four vegetation monitoring sites in 2017 with the patches of open grassy woodland interspersed by mature eucalypts and good ground cover.

Taxon name E – endemic	Taxon scientific name	Site DGL1 & DGL2	Site DGL3 & DGL4	
Sulphur Crested Cockatoo	Cacatua galerita	calling	calling	
Tasmanian Green Rosella E	Platycercus caledonicus caledonicus	calling	calling	
Tasmanian Superb Fairy-wren	Malurus cyaneus cyaneus	calling	calling	
Spotted Pardalote	Pardalotus punctatus	calling	calling	
Tasmanian Striated Pardalote	Pardalotus striatus striatus	calling	calling	
Yellow-throated Honeyeater E	Lichenostomus flavicollis	calling	calling	
Tasmanian Noisy Miner	Manorina melanocephala leachi	calling		
Tasmanian New Holland Honeyeater	Phylidonyris novaehollandiae canescens	calling		
Black-headed Honeyeater E	Melithreptus affinis	calling	calling	
Tasmanian Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	Coracina novaehollandiae novaehollandiae		calling	
Tasmanian Grey Currawong	Strepera versicolor arguta	calling		
Tasmanian Grey Fantail	Rhipidura fuliginosa albiscapa	calling		
Southern Forest Raven	Corvus tasmanicus tasmanicus	calling	calling	
Grey Shrike-thrush	Colluricincla harmonica	calling		
Australian Magpie	Cracticus tibicen	calling		
Grey Butcherbird	Cracticus torquatus	calling		
Dusky Woodswallow	Artamus cyanopterus	calling	seen	
Strong-billed Honeyeater	Melithreptus validirostris	seen	calling	
Scarlet Robin	Petroica boodang		calling	
Laughing Kookaburra	Dacelo novaeguineae		calling	
Yellow Wattlebird E	Anthochaera paradoxa		calling	
Brown Quail	Coturnix ypsilophora		2 x flushed	
Dusky Robin E	Melanodryas vittata		calling	
Black Currawong E	Strepera fuliginosa		calling	
Eastern Spinebill	Acanthorhynchus tenuirostris	calling	calling	
Fan-tailed Cuckoo	Cacomantis flabelliformis		calling	
Species Diversity 26 species	Species Richness per site	18 species	19 species	

Table 2 Comparative Data Bird surveys 2016 - 2017					
Taxon name E – endemic	2016 DGL1 - DGL2	2017 DGL1 - DGL2	2016 DGL3 - DGL4	2017 DGL3 - DGL4	
Sulphur Crested Cockatoo Cacatua galerita	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Tasmanian Green Rosella E Platycercus caledonicus caledonicus	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Southern Forest Raven Corvus tasmanicus tasmanicus	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Black-headed Honeyeater E Melithreptus affinis	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Spotted Pardalote Pardalotus punctatus	Х	Х	х	Х	
Tasmanian Striated Pardalote	Х	Х	X	X	

Pardalotus striatus striatus				
Yellow-throated Honeyeater E Lichenostomus flavicollis	Х	X	X	Х
Tasmanian New Holland Honeyeater Phylidonyris novaehollandiae canescens	X	X	X	
Tasmanian Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike Coracina novaehollandiae novaehollandiae	X		X	X
Tasmanian Grey Fantail Rhipidura fuliginosa albiscapa	X	X	X	
Tasmanian Superb Fairy-wren Malurus cyaneus cyaneus	X	Χ		X
Tasmanian Grey Currawong Strepera versicolor arguta		X	X	
Tasmanian Noisy Miner Manorina melanocephala leachi		X	X	
Eastern Spinebill Acanthorhynchus tenuirostris		X		Х
Dusky Woodswallow Artamus cyanopterus		Х		X
Strong-billed Honeyeater Melithreptus validirostris		Х		X
Scarlet robin Petroica boodang				X
Laughing Kookaburra Dacelo novaeguineae Yellow Wattlebird E				X
Anthochaera paradoxa Brown quail				X
Coturnix ypsilophora Dusky Robin E				X
Melanodryas vittata Black Currawong E				X
Strepera fuliginosa Fan-tailed Cuckoo Cacomantis flabelliformis				X
Shining Bronze-Cuckoo Chalcites lucidus	X			
Brown Goshawk Accipiter fasciatus	X			
Grey Shrike-thrush Colluricincla harmonica		X		
Australian Magpie Cracticus tibicen		X		
Grey Butcherbird Cracticus torquatus		Х		
Species Diversity 28 sp	Cupp 2 sites	Dive 2 stees	Vollour 4 sits	Ø
White = - 4 sites	Green – 3 sites	Blue – 2 sites	Yellow – 1 site	





Fig Sites in 2017 - L to R Top DGL1, DGL2, Bottom DGL3, DGL4

2017 Habitat Condition

464	Habitat	condition		
site	structural complexity (strata)	recruitment (cohorts)	canopy cover (%)	
DGL1	6	3	30	
DGL2	6	3	45	
DGL3	6	4	60	
DGL4	5	3	5	
average	5.75 (increase 10%)	3.25 (no change)	35 (no change)	

Vegetation Condition

Tall open forest dominated by *Eucalyptus globulus* continues to occupy the covenant area and provides excellent foraging and nesting habitat for swift parrot (*Lathamus discolor*). The understorey has changed little in the past year. It remains open, with a sparse layer of sub-canopy trees such as *Acacia dealbata* and shrubs such as *Bursaria spinosa*. The density of ground layer vegetation has increased since last year. It is still dominated by native grasses such as *Poa labillardierei*, but grass cover has noticeably increased. There is also an increased cover and richness of native herbs such as *Acaena novae-zeelandiae* and *Viola hederacea Hypericum japonicum* and *Geranium potentilloides*. The high number of mature trees with hollows have been maintained since the past survey. Recruitment on the property also remains excellent, with multiple age cohorts (trees, saplings and seedlings) present at all sites.

Photo Monitoring Sites

DGL1 (521092E 5282961S)







DGL2 (521200E 5282981N)







DGL3 (521371E 5282906N)







DGL4 (521491E 5292747N)







East Bagdad Rd - Swift Parrot Offset Monitoring

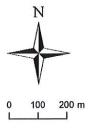




Swift Parrot Monitoring Site Eucalyptus globulus dry forest (DGL) Eucalyptus obliqua dry forest (DOB) Eucalyptus pulchella forest (DPU)

Title Ref: 214709/1 Data Sources: TLC, LIST, DPIPWE Datum: GDA94 Map Date: 20/10/2017 Author: Matt Taylor





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